FOUNDATION FOR INTELLIGENT PHYSICAL AGENTS

FIPA Recruiting Interaction Protocol Specification

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1 FIPA Recruiting Interaction Protocol

The concept of an information brokerage has been widely used in mediated systems and in multi-agent systems in particular (for example, see [Finin97]). The FIPA Recruiting Interaction Protocol (IP) is designed to support these brokerage interactions in multi-agent systems.

Generally speaking, a broker is an agent which offers a set of communication facilitation services to other agents using some knowledge about the requirements and capabilities of those agents. A typical example of brokering is one in which an agent can request a broker to find one or more agents who can answer a query. The broker then determines a set of appropriate agents to which to forward the query, sends the query to those agents and relays their answers back to the original requestor.

In the case of recruiting, the answers from the selected target agents go directly back to the original requestor or some designated receivers. The use of brokerage agents can significantly simplify the task of interaction with agents in a multiagent system. Brokering agents also enable a system to be adaptable and robust in dynamic situations, supporting scalability and security control at the brokering agent.

The FIPA Recruiting IP is a macro IP, because the *proxy* communicative act (see [FIPA00037]) for brokerage embeds a communicative act as its argument and so the IP for the embedded communicative act is also embedded in this IP. When the embedded communicative act includes some actions that would be done by the agents determined by broker agents, then this IP would be extended for notifying the result of the actions.

The representation of this IP is given in *Figure 1*.

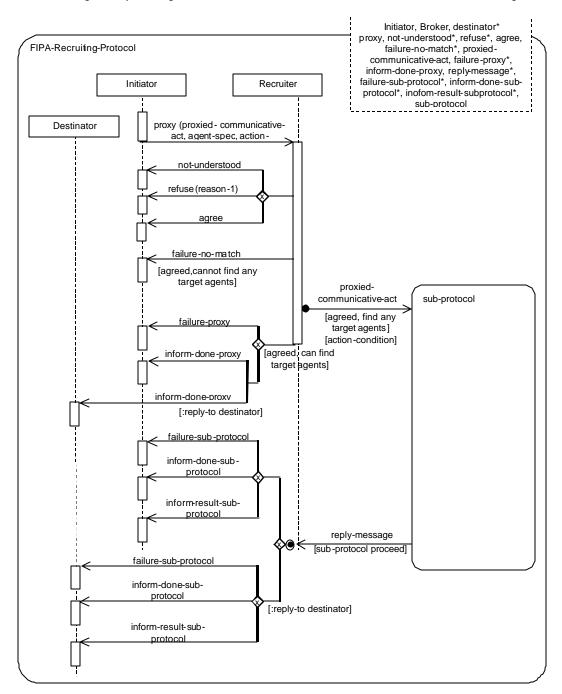


Figure 1: FIPA Recruiting Interaction Protocol

1.1 Exceptions to Interaction Protocol Flow

This IP is a pattern for a simple interaction type. Elaboration on this pattern will almost certainly be necessary in order to specify all cases that might occur in an actual agent interaction. Real world issues of cancelling actions, asynchrony, abnormal or unexpected IP termination, nested IPs, and the like, are explicitly not addressed here.

2 References

[Finin97] Finin, T. Labrou, Y. and Mayfield, J., KQML as an Agent Communication Language. In: Software Agents,

Bradshaw, J. (editor), MIT Press, 1997.

[FIPA00037] FIPA Communicative Act Library Specification. Foundation for Intelligent Physical Agents, 2000.

http://www.fipa.org/specs/fipa00037/